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V/STOL AIRCRAFT AERODYNAMIC PREDICTION METHODS INVESTIGATION. VOLUME IV. LITERATURE SURVEY

Peter T. Wooler, et al

Northrop Corporation

Prepared for:

Air Force Flight Dynamics Laboratory

January 1972

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V/STOL AIRCRAFT AERODYNAMIC PREDICTION METHODS INVESTIGATION

Volume !V. Literature Survey

P.T. Wooler H.C. Kao M.F. Schwendemann H.R. Wasson H. Ziegler

Northrop Corporation Aircraft Division

TECHNICAL REPORT AFFDL-TR-72-26, Volume IV
January 1972

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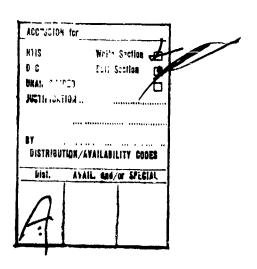
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XV-5A						
V/STOL Stability and Control						
Aerodynamic Characteristics (Subsonic)						
Forces (Normal Force, Lift, Side Force)						
Moments (Pitching, Rolling, Yawing)		<u> </u>				
Rotary Derivatives						
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V/STOL AIRCRAFT AERODYNAMIC PREDICTION METHODS INVESTIGATION

Volume IV
Literature Survey

P.T. Wooler H.C. Kao M.F. Schwandemann H.R. Wasson H. Ziegler

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FOREWORD

This report summarizes the work accomplished by the Aircraft Division of Northrop Corporation, Hawthorne, California, for the Air Force Flight Dynamics Laboratory, AFSC, Wright Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio, under USAF Contract No. ro3815-69-C-1602 (Project 698 BT). This document constitutes the Final Report under the contract.

This work was accomplished during the period 1 May 1969 to 31 January 1972, and this report was released by the authors in January 1972. The Air Force Project Engineers were Mr. Robert Nicholson and Mr. Henry W. Woolard of the Control Criteria Branch, Flight Control Division, AWFDL. Their assistance in monitoring the work and providing data is greatly appreciated.

This technical report has been review of and is approved.

Chief, Control Criteria Branch

Flight Control Division

Air Force Flight Dynamics Laboratory

ABSTRACT

Analytical engineering methods are developed for use in predicting the static and dynamic stability and control derivatives and force and moment coefficients of lift-jet, lift-fan, and vectored thrust V/STOL aircraft in the hover and transition flight regimes. The methods take into account the strong power effects, large variations in angle of attack and sideslip, and changes in aircraft geometry that are associated with high disk loaded V/STOL aircraft operating in the aforementioned flight regimes. The aircraft configurations studied have a conventional wing, fuselage and empennage. The prediction methods are suitable for use by design personnel during the preliminary design and evaluation of V/STOL aircraft of the type previously mentioned.

This report consists of four volumes. The results of a literature survey are presented in this volume. The theoretical development of the prediction methods may be found in Volume I. The methods are applied to a number of V/STOL configurations in Volume II. Details of the computer programs associated with the prediction methods are given in Volume III.

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SECTION I

INTRODUCTION

This volume is the fourth and final volume treating V/STOL aerodynamic prediction methods. The results of an extensive literature survey are presented in this volume. The objective of the literature survey was to investigate the available data relevant to the three V/STOL aircraft concepts being studied under this program and to identify areas for which further wind tunnel test data were required. This information would then be used to define a wind tunnel test program which would generate the required data. The data obtained from this test program, together with data already available, would be used to validate and/or modify the prediction methods developed during the investigation.

The majority of the reports were collected following literature searches carried out by the Defense Documentation Center and the NASA Scientific and Technical Information Facility. Those searches of the literature were made in May and June of 1969. Although reports pertaining to wind runnel test data were of prince interest, searches were also made to identify relevant flight test data and theoretical aerodynamic prediction methods. Additional reports were made available by Air Force Flight Dynamics Laboratory and NASA Langley Research Center personnel. Some reports were also available from previous literature reviews by Northrop personnel.

With the application of the literature survey to the aerodynamic prediction methods in mind, the survey was broken down into two general areas:

- 1. Literature relevant to aircraft components.
- 2. Literature relevant to aircraft concepts.

The literature dealing with aircraft components is discussed in Section II of this volume. The literature survey has been organized to parallel the methods development presented in Volume I. Thus, subjections on the literature treating wing, body, engine inlet and jet exhaust may be found in Section II.

The V/STOL concepts studied in this investigation have been the lift-fan, lift-jet and vectored thrust concepts. Consequently, Section III includes a discussion of the literature pertaining to each of these concepts.

A summary table, indicating the primary areas of investigation or analysis, of the more applicable of the references is given in an Appendix.

The literature survey was completed in October 1969 and was first published in the Interim Report, Northrop Report NOR 70-121, in June 1970. Since that time, further publications, relating to this investigation, have appeared in the literature. No attempt has been made to incorporate these additional reports into the summary tables. However, they have been included in the list of references as References 278 through 315.

SECTION II

LITERATURE ON AIRCRAFT COMPONENTS

WING EFFECTS

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The references dealing with the aerodynamic characteristics of the wing can be separated into those treating the power effects and those dealing with nonlinear wing aerodynamics. The references dealing with the power effects are discussed in Sections II. 3 and II. 4.

a. Nonlinear Aerodynamics

Reference 55. - A nonlinear theory of small aspect ratio rectangular wings is presented. In this theory, the wing is divided, along the span, into a number of equal panels. The vorticity for each panel is concentrated on a line at the quarter chord of the panel. The vorticity is assumed to be constant along the wing span. The tip vortices are assumed to be rectilinear and directed along the local flow velocity vector at the trailing edge of the wing. The intensities of the vortices are determined from the boundary conditions (no leakage condition) on the three-quarter chord lines of each panel. Calculations of the aerodynamic characteristics of the proposed method agree quite well with test data for a wing having an aspect ratio of unity. For a wing with an aspect ratio of five, the stall behavior of the wing is not correctly calculated by this approach.

Reference 72. - Semispan-wing models were tested at angles of attack from 0° to 180° at low subsonic speeds. Eight plan forms were considered, both swept and unswept with aspect ratios ranging from 2 to 6. Except for a deltawing model of aspect ratio 2, all models had a taper ratio of 0.5 and an NACA 64A010 airfoil section. The delta-wing model had an NACA 0005 (modified) airfoil section. With two exceptions, the models were tested both with and without a full-span trailing-edge flap deflected 25°. The Reynolds numbers based on the mean aerodynamic chord were between 1.5 and 2.2 million. Lift, dra;, and pitching-moment coefficients are presented as functions of angle of attack.

Reference 113. - Presented in this report is a comprehensive review of the existing technical literature and a design summary of stall characteristics applicable to light straight wing aircraft. These characteristics are obtained with the aid of a digital computer program which utilizes methods employing lifting line theory and the available experimental test data for wing section characteristics. The computer results are presented in the form of stall charts suitable for preliminary design purposes.

Reference 201. - Information from the literature and from recent investigations is used to summarize briefly the effects of airfoil section parameters and flow variables on the aerodynamic characteristics of two-dimensional symmetrical airfoils at high angles of attack. The results presented indicate that airfo'i thickness ratio, Reynolds number, Mach number, and surface roughness can all have an important effect on the maximum lift coefficient. The effect of surface roughness seems to be particularly important. Not only can surface roughness cause large decreases in maximum lift coefficient, but also the magnitudes of the effects of Reynolds number, Mach number, and airfoil thickness ratio are much reduced by surface roughness. Beyond the stall, changes in section thickness ratio appear to have little effect on the aerodynamic characteristics of airfoil sections. An investigation of one section through an angle of attack range of from 0° to 360° shows that the drag coefficient reaches 2 value of 2 at an angle of attack of 90°.

Reference 202. - The results of an investigation of the two-dimensional aerodynamic characteristics of 15 NACA airfoils at four Reynolds numbers from 2.0 X 10⁶ to 0.7 X 10⁶ are reported in this reference. These data, together with those from previous NACA papers for the same airfoils at three Reynolds numbers from 3.0 X 10⁶ to 9.0 X 10⁶, are presented and analyzed in the present paper. The airfoils investigated consisted of 10 systematically varied NACA 6-series airfoils and 5 airfoils of the NACA 4- and 5-digit series. The NACA 6-series airfoils had thickness ratios varying from 9 to 18 percent of the chord, design lift coefficients varying from 0 to 0.6, and positions of minimum pressure on the basic thickness form at zero lift varying from 30 to 60 percent at the chord. The NACA 4- and 5-digit-series sections investigated consisted of the NACA 0012, and the NACA 44- and 230-series sections of 12 percent and 15 percent thickness. The tests were made for both smooth and rough surface conditions and also included the determination of

the effectiveness of the different airfoils at various Reynolds numbers when equipped with split flaps.

The results of the investigation indicate that the drag coefficient at the design lift coefficient and the maximum lift coefficient are the important aerodynamic characteristics which are most affected by variations in the Reynolds number between 9.0 X 10⁶ and 0.7 X 10⁶. For each of the 15 airfoils in both the smooth and rough surface conditions, the drag coefficient at design lift increased as the Reynolds number was lowered from 9.0 x 10⁶ to 0.7 x 10⁶. For the smooth NACA 6-series airfoils the magnitude of this increase became larger with increasing airfoil thickness and with rearward movement of the position of minimum pressure on the basic thickness form at zero lift. In the rough surface condition and at the lower Reynolds numbers in the smooth surface condition, the saving in minimum drag to be derived from the use of NACA 6-series as compared with NACA 5-digit series airfoil sections disappears. Decreasing the Reynolds number from 9.0 X 10⁶ to 0.7 X 10⁶ caused reductions in the maximum lift of all the airfoils in both the smooth and rough surface conditions. The magnitude and character of this reduction varied rather inconsistently with airfoil design and surface condition, however, so that the comparative merits of a group of airfoils changed markedly and in a rather unpredictable manner with Reynolds number and surface condition.

Reference 236. - Two analytical methods are presented for determining the spanwise lift distribution. One method is a lifting surface theory and the other a lifting line method. Calculations using the two methods are compared and show that the lifting line method, which takes much less computational time, agrees extremely well with the lifting surface theory.

Reference 237. - A method is presented which allows the use of nonlinear section lift data in the calculation of the spanwise lift distribution of unswept wings with flaps or ailerons. The method is based on lifting-line theory and is an extension to the method of Reference 239. A few comparisons of calculated lift and stall characteristics with experimentally obtained data are shown.

Reference 239. - A method is presented for calculating wing characteristics by lifting-line theory using nonlinear section lift data. Detailed examples are given for symmetrical lift distributions. Calculated wing characteristics are compared with test data and agree very well for the range of angle of attack considered $(0^{\circ} \le \alpha \le 20^{\circ})$.

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Reference 240. - The experimental and calculated aerodynamic characteristics of 22 tapered wings are compared. The wings have aspect ratios from 6 to 12 and taper ratios from 1.6:1 to 5:1. Some of the data are relevant to the nonlinear angle of attack range.

Reference 241. – The aerodynamic characteristics of the NACA 0012 airfoil section were obtained at angles of attack from 0° to 180° . The tests were conducted in a low turbulence pressure tunnel at Mach numbers no greater than .15.

Reference 258. - Semi-empirical methods are given for determining wing lift and pitching moment in the nonlinear angle of attack range.

2. BODY EFFECTS

The references dealing with body aerodynamics can be separated into those treating power effects and those dealing with nonlinear body aerodynamics.

a. Power Effects

Reference 75. - Data from tests of a wing-body configuration with a fan mounted in the fuselage are presented. Power-on and power-off pitching moment, normal force and axial force were obtained and comparisons made to determine scale effects and wall effects. Some pressure information on the fuselage was obtained.

Reference 76. - A configuration of a jet in a fuselage at two locations, with and without a wing attached, was tested. Pitch plane forces and moments were obtained. No inlet effects were determined.

Reference 77. - Test results for a fan-in-fuselage with power on and power off are presented. Pitch plane forces and moments are given. Comparisons with theory, which treats the configuration as a thin cylindrical ducted fan, are made. Poor correlation is obtained at high forward speeds.

Reference 163. - The results of static bench tests for jet and inlet with wing and fuselage are presented. Only thrust and temperature data are given.

These tests were conducted primarily to examine ground effects.

b. Nonlinear Aerodynamics

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Reference 90. - Test results for non-aerodynamic shapes, such as parallelepipeds and cylinders, are presented. This investigation has little applicability to the present study.

Reference 224. - This reference presents vorticity measurements for an ellipsoid of revolution at low angle of attack.

Reference 225. - Drag measurements for a circular cylinder started impulsively from rest are presented. This reference also presents the drag due to arbitrarily positioned vortices near a circular cylinder.

References 234 and 242 document methods for tracking vortices in the presence of a cylindrical body (Ref 242), and a body with an elliptical cross section (Ref 234). The analytical treatment of the bodies is restricted to simple shapes. The vortex tracking method of this study is essentially an attempt to extend the same concept to general body shapes.

References 243, 258 and 259 are simplified methods of producing body non-linear aerodynamics. They utilize slender body theory results and the viscous crossflow concept for nonlinear forces and moments. These methods are limited to bodies of revolution, primarily.

3. INLET EFFECTS

Experimental data are available for three types of lift-fan configurations: fan-in-fuselage; fan-in-wing; and fan-in-semi-span wing.

References 71, 75, 166, 169 and 189 present data for fan-in-fuselage models. The reports cover one configuration which was tested with various inlets and in two model scales. The single fan is located at the intersection of the wing quarter-chord and the fuselage centerline. All tests yielded force data and fuselage pressure data. References 75, 166, 169 and 189 contain data on installed fan performance. Wing component lift is presented in References 75, 169 and 189.

References 78, 81, 151-153, 186 and 261 present results of tests involving fan-in-wing configurations. References 78 and 81 present data for a swept wing model with two to four fans located at the trailing and/or leading wing roots. The XV-5A configuration is discussed in References 151-153. Test results for a snoulder-wing, twin-fan configuration are found in Refs. 186

and 261. All tests present data on overall model forces and on installed far performance. References 81, 151-153, 186 and 261 also give wing pressure data.

References 166 and 267 discuss tests of single fan, semi-span models. The wing of Reference 267 contains a comparatively crude fan. Basic force data are presented, as well as a limited amount of pressure data. Additional tests of complete configurations are discussed in other sections of this report.

Documented analytical methods for fan-in-wing configurations are of two types; those employing two-dimensional conformal transformation techniques; and, those involving complicated three-dimensional potential flow computer programs.

References 1, 4, 10 and 50 document potential flow analyses. All involve the use of complex variable analysis and conformal transformations. Reference 56 gives a detailed discussion of the applicability of the Kutta condition at the trailing edge of the airfoil, and demonstrates that the form of the two-dimensional solution can be made to fit three-dimensional data. The two-dimensional analysis of Reference 1 is extended to finite wings in Reference 4, by means of lifting line theory. Quantitative results are poor. It may be that this results from difficulties in representing the jet in two-dimensional potential theory, or it may be the result of the two-dimensional inlet flow which yields incorrect section lift.

References 91, 127 and 250 describe the use of computer techniques to simulate three-dimensional flow about arbitrary lift-fan configurations by means of source panels and vortex lattices. Results are in good agreement with data.

References 230 and 268 present inlet analyses based upon simple momentum theory. Reasonably accurate results are obtained.

References 7 and 57 apply two-dimensional and three-dimensional flow analysis to inlet distortion studies. These are of limited value to the present investigation.

4. JET EXIT EFFECTS

For the purposes of this investigation, interest is centered on the interference effects due to a jet efflux which is directed at large angles both to a crossflow and to a supporting system, which may consist of a wing, body or flat plate.

The relationship between the crossflow and jet exit velocity defines two major areas of interest. The condition of a very small crossflow, when compared with the jet exit velocity, is termed the hover phase. The condition of comparable magnitudes of crossflow and jet exit velocities is called the transition phase.

a. Hover Phase

References 78 and 216 indicate that for an aircraft hovering out of ground effect, the jet-induced lift loss is a function of overall planform area and the rate of mixing of the exhaust gases and the surrounding air. An expression for the relationship between the decay of the jet and the induced loads is is presented in References 78 and 216. Reference 216 shows that the lift loss is a linear function of the square root of the planform to jet area ratio, as well as being a function of the jet decay characteristics.

A considerable amount of experimental data is available for the case of a single jet, or a cluster of jets, emerging from the central area of a wing or body in ground effect. For a single jet, the jet efflux entrains the free air between the lower surface of the wing-body and the ground, and the resulting induced velocities tend to increase with decreasing ground clearance. Surface pressures well below ambient are thereby generated on the lower surface, producing significant reductions in the net upward thrust.

References 174, 216, 220, 221, 232 and 264 concern themselves with evaluating the loss of effective jet thrust caused by the induced pressure forces on supporting structures in ground proximity. Several simple planforms (circular, rectangular and triangular plates) as well as models of VTOL airframes are studied. Single and multiple circular and rectangular jets are considered

Reference 220 presents a method for correlating test data for single, centrally located jets. The use of this method for correlating data from full-scale tests, using hot jets, is justified in Reference 202.

Reference 264. - The problem of scaling is investigated further for a two-jet configuration.

Further investigations relevant to the hover phase are documented in References 59, 165, 210, 217, 223 and 266. Details of those tests and others are given in summary form in Table I. Survey papers are presented in References 78, 256, 262 and 263.

b. Transition Phase

A summary of the available data is shown in Table II. The test data may be classified in two categories:

- 1. Data for a single jet exhausting from a flat plate simulating an infinite plane boundary.
- 2. Data for multiple jets in a wing body configuration.

References 252, 228, 245, 246 and 274 present jet centerline data for single jets exhausting normally from a flat plate.

References 271, 272 and 275 present data on the jet centerline for single jets exhausting at various angles to the crossflow.

References 184, 211, 246 and 274 give data for the plate pressure coefficients and References 246, 274 and 275 define certain features of the flow using visualization techniques.

The literature search identified a lack of data on plate pressure coefficients for single jets exhausting at angles other than 90 to the crossflow. No data of any kind for multiple jets exhausting from a flat plate was located.

Multiple-jet data for jets exhausting from wings, bodies, or other configurations are presented in References 5, 30, 34, 76, 193, 214, 217, 228 and 270. A summary of the test data obtained is included as part of Table II.

The analytical investigations have been directed toward obtaining the jet deflection and deformation. There have been basically three approaches to the problem of obtaining the jet centerline. They are:

1. An inviscid model in which the jet boundary is replaced by a vortex sheet which at time t = 0 is fixed and is then allowed *o deform

freely. Time is then related to distance along the jet through the jet velocity (References 231 and 276).

- 2. A model which assumes that the deflection of the jet is due to a cross flow drag force (References 206, 226, 255, 265 and 272).
- 3. A model which assumes that the jet is deflected due to both a cross flow drag force and viscous entrainment of cross flow fluid (References 227, 228, 271 and 274).

References 56, 94, 95, 120, 127, 226, 228, 250, 251 and 255 investigate the computation of the aerodynamic characteristics of an aircraft component which contains a jet exhausting at an angle into the freestream.

References 12, 23, 38, 123, 203, 256 and 263 are review papers covering the problem area and contain test data and analytical results.

Conference proceedings relating to the subject may be found in References 78, 262 and 149.

TABLE I. SUMMARY TABLE FOR HOVER PHASE

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TABLE II. SUMMARY TABLE FOR TRANSITION PHASE

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13	1967	VARIOUS	x	×	1-4	IN, OUT	x	x			
23	1968	VARIOUS	x	x	1-4	IN, OUT	×	x]		
30	1962	VARIOUS	x		4	OUT	x		İ	İ	
34	1961	WING-BODY	x		1	IN, OUT	x				
38	1965	VARIOUS	x	ļ	1-5	IN, OUT	x			 	
56	1961	WING	x	x	1	OUT	x		!		
76	1963	WING WING-BODY	x		1	OUT	x				
78	1966		CONFE	ERENCE	PROCEEDINGS			<u> </u> 	! {		
94	1968	WING		x	1	IN, OUT					
95	1967	VING		x	1	OUT		x	į		
120	1968	FLAT PLATE		×	1	IN, OUT	x				
123	1966	VAP LOUS	x	x	1, MULTIPLE	IN, OUT	x	x			
127	1967	WING		х	1	OUT	x	x			
148	1968	CYLINDER FLAT PLATE	x		1	IN		x	x		
149	1967		CONFI	RENCE	PROCEEDINGS				1]	
168	1961	WING	x		1	IN, OUT	x	x	ļ 		
:64	1964	WING	x		1	OUT		x	x	×	
193	1961	VARIOUS	x		1-4	OUT	x				
203	1968	VARIOUS	x	x	1-2	OUT	x	x			
206	1969			x	1	OUT		}		x	
211	1963	FLAT PLATE	x		1	очт		х			
214	1964	WING-BODY	x		1-4	IN, OUT	x				
2:7	1966	WING-BODY	x		1-4	х	x				
226	1964	WING FLAT PLATE		x	1-8		x	x		×	
227	1966	FLAT PLATE		х	1			x	1	×	
228	1957	WING	x	х	1-2	OUT		x			
231	1969	PLAT PLATE		x	ı	оит				×	
245	1963	FLAT PLATE	x	х	1	оит		į		x	
246	1965	FLAT PLATE	x .		1	IN, OUT		x	x	×	
250	1965	WING		x	i	OUT	x			×	
251	1967	WING	x	х	1	ουτ	x	x		×	
252	1958	FLAT PLATE	х		1	OUT	<u> </u>	<u></u>		х	

TABLE II. (Concluded)

REPERENCE	YEM	PLANFORM	TEST OUT.	ANALYSIS	NUMBER OF JETS	GROUND PROXIMITY	FORCE MR	PRESSURE DAT.	FLOW	JET CENTERLINE	- July
255	1961	FLAT PLATE WING	×	X	1-2	OUT	x	x		x	
256	1969	SURVEY PAPER	1	1							
262	1969	CONFERENCE I	ROCEE	DINGS					}		
263	1968	SURVEY PAPER		ļ					Į		
265	1969	FLAT PLATE		х	1	TUO				x	
270	1969	WING	x		2	τυο	x	х			
271	1969	FLAT PLATE	x	×	L	OUT				×	
272	1969	FLAT PLATE	x	x	ı	OUT				x	
274	1969	FLAT PLATE	x	x		оит		x	x	x	
275	1968	FLAT PLATE	x	x	1	OUT			x	x	
276	1942			х	1	OUT				х	

SECTION III

LITERATURE ON AIRCRAFT CONFIGURATION CONCEPTS

This portion of the literature survey will be a discussion of the existing experimental and theoretical data pertinent to complete configurations of the three V/STOL concepts, lift-fan, lift-jet, and vectored thrust.

Included in this section are three tables which list and describe in detail the applicable experimental reports pertaining to each of the V/STOL concepts. In conjunction with these tables there are included three lists containing abstracts on each of the aforementioned experimental reports. The lists also contain abstracts on reports which are not included in the experimental tables, but nevertheless are pertinent to the investigation, such as theoretical and analytical reports.

The discussion will now be focused on each of the V/STOL concepts.

1. LIFT-FAN CONCEPT

An examination of Table III reveals that a great deal of time and effort has been expended on this V/STOL concept, especially on the XV-5A program. Wind tunnel tests have been conducted on three different lift-fan locations, in the wing, fuselage, and fuselage pods. In addition to the normal six-component force and moment data being obtained, there were tests conducted to obtain the local flow field around the lift-fan location by static pressure recordings.

There are test data covering the hover, transition, and conventional speed regimes for both wind tunnel models and full-scale flight aircraft. Data are available for hover in and out of ground effect. In addition, there are analytical reports which contain methods to predict the static and dynamic stability derivatives and also flight test data to substantiate these predictions.

Abstracts of Lift-Fan Concept Reports

5. Kuhn, R. E., McKinney, M. O., Reeder, J. P., <u>Aerodynamics</u>
and Flying Qualities of Jet V/STOL Airplanes, SAE Paper 864A,
April 1964 (A64-20157)

TABLE III. SUMMARY OF LIFT-FAN EXPERIMENTAL DATA

والإنجارة والمارة والمعارسة والمعارسة والمعارسة والمعارضة | TEST DATA | hes hes hes hes hes Year's Plich fan in case Similar is XV-5A. | her her her her her he he he HASA VIUL mak! G.E. 186-7 generator in gramma effects. | Ten to lee to he has the les trachightins of the XV-bA ments | ics les les les les les les les les les le | Yes hes how Yes hes Yes hes No Shallie-home in wing. NASA transport model. | Yes Yes 188 No No 188 No 188 State and thanner wate of XV-SA majel. | XV-5A modela | No 1 cs No 1 cs No No No No No XV-3A mc.k.) Pressure data and kings momest data endy. | hes hes hes hes hes hes he a NV-SA model. Complete suale that | Yes Yes fee No No Nos Yes Yes Yes Yes AV-5A flight leads by contractor (conventional flight) | Yes Yes No No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes AV-1A flight simulation atualy | tes tes tes tes tes tes he "10 No Cum testa as Relevence 21 Mars have parlarmane. | 100 100 100 100 100 100 No No Same ten program as Reference 166 More cruise parfermance. | hee Yes hee he hes hee hee hee XV-aA fught tests by USAF mandling qualities evaluations. | No Yes her hes hes hes hes hes ho High-spood (0.40 M to 0.9 M) wind hunsel tests on the XV-SA. | No Yes Yes No Yes 1 es 1 es 1 es No Low speed (0.285 M) wind tumes) tests of the XV-SA | hes Yes No Yes Yes Yes Yes XV-1A flight totic by contractor fine-powered flight | Tee Yee Yee No Ne Yee Yee I se Yee I se Army's priliminary pilot evaluation of the XV-1A. | Yes Yes Yes Yes No Yes No More detailed report of Reference 39 emphastaing the fan. | Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes As No IN No Similar to Reference 71 only out of ground effect. | Yes Yes Yes to Yes hes No No Limited incivate of the test results of Reference 189 | Yes Yes Yes No Nes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Tall-scale XV-5A wind tunnel tights and thrust stand seets | has Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Tes Tes (L.S. Army a pilota Chalumtion of the XV-3A atability and control. | Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes He Preferences to XV-5A Two different wing also unded. |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|--------------------------|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|
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A summary of information on airplane aerodynamics, ground effect, propulsion system aerodynamics, stability and control, and flying qualities of jet V/STOL airplanes (both direct jet lift and lift-fan configurations) is presented.

- 22. McKinney, M. O., Newsom, W. A., Fan V/STOL Aircraft, New York Academy of Sciences, Annals, Vol. 154, Nov. 1968 (A69-15565)
 A summary of information on airplane aerodynamics, ground effects, propulsion system aerodynamics, stability and control of fan V/STOL aircraft (primarily ducted fan and lift-fan configurations) is presented.
- Hall, L. P., Hickey, D. H., Kirk, J. V., Aerodynamic Characteristics of a Full-Scale Fan-in-Wing Model Including Results in Ground Effect with Nose-Fan Pitch Control, NASA TN D-2368, (*54-28323)

 Model had a mid-mounted wing of A.R. = 3.1. Results cover the fan-powered flight speed range from 0 to 100 knots. Longitudinal and lateral-directional characteristics with and without fan exhaust vectoring, downwash at the horizontal tail, and the effects on performance of exhaust gas reingestion are included. Installed fan performance was measured for the fan-powered flight speed range. Control power available by means of throttling lift-fan exhaust and by modulating pitch-fan thrust is presented.
- 41. Anon, Aerodynamics of Power Plant Installation, AGARDograph-103, 1965 (N66-22286)

 A compilation of technical papers presented at the 1965 AGARD meeting on The Aerodynamics of Power Plant Installation, Part 2. Contents include discussions on air inlets and nozzles, airframe propulsion system interference, VTOL propulsion including jet lift intakes and exhausts, also lift-fan inlets and airframe VTOL propulsion interference effects.
- Goldsmith, R., Hickey, D., Characteristics of Aircraft with
 <u>Lifting-Fan Propulsion Systems for V/STOL</u>, IAS Paper No. 63-27,
 Jan. 1963 (A63-11581)

 Results from wind tunnel tests of several large-scale lifting-fan

models (Refs. 36, 39, 71) are analyzed with respect to the induced lift, pitching moment, and flying qualities. Rudimentary methods for estimating induced lift and the thrust-drag relationship are also presented.

- deSavigny, R. A., Hickey, D. H., <u>Aerodynamic Characteristics</u>
 in Ground Effect of a Large-Scale Model with a High Disk-Loading
 <u>Lifting Fan Mounted in the Fuseiage</u>, NASA TN D-1557, Jan. 1963
 (N63-11617)
 - Large-scale VTOL fan-in-fuselage airplane model tested had a shoulder-mounted unswept wing of aspect ratio 5. Characteristics of the model with and without the horizontal tail were obtained with the wing at 1.83 and 2.93 fan diameters from the simulated ground plane installed above the wind tunnel floor. Test airspeeds ranged from 20 to 80 knots. Longitudinal forces and moments, some installed fan performance, static-pressure distributions on the fuselage, and downwash at the horizontal tail are presented.
- 78. Anon, Conference on V/STOL and STOL Aircraft, NASA SP-116, April 1966 (N66-24606)

 A compilation of papers presented at the 1966 NASA Conference on V/STOL Aircraft. Contents include discussions covering the results of NASA research on problems associated with V/STOL aircraft, such as, aerodynamics and propulsion of helicopters and propeller V/STOL, also lift-fan and lift-jet V/STOL aircraft.
- 79. Chambers, J. R., Kirby, R. H., Flight Investigation of Dynamic Stability and Control Characteristics of a 0.18-Scale Model of a Fan-in-Wing VTOL Airplane, NASA TN D-3412 (N66-32941)

 A free-flight investigation of a 0.18-scale model of the XV-5A was made to study the stability and control characteristics during hovering flight, both in and out of ground effect and fan-powered low-speed forward flight. Data were obtained mainly from pilot observations and from studies of motion picture records of the flights.
- 81. Hall, L. P., Hickey, D. H., Kirk, J. V., Aerodynamic Characteristics of a Large-Scale V/STOL Transport Model with Lift and Lift-Cruise Fans, NASA TN D-4092, Aug. 1967 (N67-33454)

A wind tunnel test of two configurations of a V/STOL transport model powered by tip-turbine-driven fans. First configuration was combination of two lift fans and two rotating cruise fans. Second configuration consisted of four tandem mounted lift fans. Both configurations used a high-mounted wing with an aspect ratio of 5.8, swept back 35° at the quarter-chord line, and a taper ratio of 0.30. Aerodynamic characteristics, including force and moment data, were obtained for the hover and low forward speeds. Some fan exit pressures and wing surface pressure distributions were also measured during the tests.

Hall, L. P., Hodder, B. K., Kirk, J. V., Large-Scale Wind

Tunnel Investigation of a V/STOL Transport Model with Wing
Mounted Lift Fans and Fuselage Mounted Lift-Cruise Engines for

Propulsion, NASA TN D-4233, Nov. 1967 (N67-40198)

The low-speed aerodynamic characteristics of a large-scale fanin-wing V/STOL transport model were investigated. The model
had six fans mounted in the wing and two lift-cruise engines mounted forward of the wing in the fuselage. The high mounted wing
had an aspect ratio of 3.43, taper ratio of 0.47, and a 0.25 c

sweepback of 20°. Combination of 2, 4, and 6 fans were investigated as well as the chordwise position of the fans in the wing to
determine the interference effects of the flow field. The effects
of operating two lift-cruise engines in conjunction with the six
lift fans were also studied.

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85. Chambers, J. R., Grafton, S. B., Static and Dynamic Longitudinal Stability Derivatives of a Powered 0.18-Scale Model of a

Fan-in-Wing VTOL Aircraft, NASA TN D-4322, Feb. 1968
(N68-15894)

An investigation was conducted to determine the static and dynamic longitudinal stability derivatives of a powered 0.18-scale model of the XV-5A for trimmed level flight at an angle of attack of 0°. The investigation covered a range of values of thrust and oscillatory frequencies for the model with the horizontal tail both on and off.

- 106. Anon, Estimated Dynamic Stability Characteristics, G. E. Report No. 151, Sept. 1964 (AD 639 235)

 This report presents the dynamic stability characteristics of the XV-5A lift-fan research aircraft based on theoretical and empirical estimates of dynamic stability derivatives and static aerodynamic characteristics derived from scale mode! wind tunnel tests. Except for a presentation of the lift fan natural damping contributions to flight in the lift-fan mode, the report is restricted to analysis of conventional flight characteristics.
- 147. Parks, W. C., Swingle, R. L., Swope, W. A., XV-5A Aerodynamic Propulsion Data Correlation and Characteristics Development Based on Wind Tunnel Characteristics, Ryan Report No. 29467-1, July 1968 (AD 676 862)

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This report contains the results of a wind tunnel and thrust stand data correlation and characteristics generation program using data from tests of the XV-5A lift fan research aircraft. The program efforts were limited to the lift-fan mode of operation and were restricted to correlation of longitudinal test data and to development of longitudinal stability characteristics for calculated flight conditions. Data from five wind tunnel programs (majority of data correlation utilized results from the Ryan 1/6-scale and NASA full-scale model tests) provided the primary basis for the work. Longitudinal stability derivatives for the XV-5A were developed and numerical values were calculated for the fan mode of operation.

- 151. Anon, Wind Tunnel Test Report Conventional Model. Volume II.
 Low-Speed Pressure and Hinge Moments, G. E. Report No. 141-Vol. II, Jan. 1964 (AD 653568)
 This report presents the results from wind tunnel tests of a 1/8-scale conventional model of the XV-5A (M = 0.285). Hinge moment coefficients and pressure data in plotted and tabular form with pertinent detail explanatory information are presented.
- 152. Anon, One-Fifth-Scale Inlet Model Wind Tunnel Test Report,
 Volume II, G. E. Report No. 154-Vol. II, March 1965 (AD 617 395)
 This report contains the tabulated pressure data from the low speed tests (M = 0 to M = 0.2) of the XV-5A 1/5-scale inlet model.

- 153. Anon, Wind Tunnel Test Report, Lift Fan Powered Scale Model, G. E. Report No. 137, Nov. 1963 (AD 647 386)

 This report presents the results of wind tunnel tests of a 1/6-scale powered model of the XV-5A. Data were obtained to define the static characteristics in and out of ground effect; ae rodynamic characteristics in forward flight for the transition, conversion, and low speed conventional flight modes; and flight characteristis at low translational speeds near hovering in vertical, lateral, and rearward directions. In addition, wing surface static pressures and wing fan inlet closure door hinge moments were measured.
- 154. Anon, Estimated Static Stability and Control Characteristics,
 G. E. Report No. 146, March 1964 (AD 539 236)

 This report contains the estimated static stability and control characteristics of the XV-5A. The estimates are based on theoretical and empirical considerations, including the results of 420 hours of wind tunnel tests of 1/8- and 1/6 scale models, and also data from tests of a full-scale model similar to the XV-5A.
- 155. Anon, Phase I Flight Tests Results, Volume II, G. E. Report No. 166, Volume II, March 1965 (AD639 232)

 This report presents the conventional flight test results (wingsupported lift) of the XV-5A aircraft test program which was conducted by the contractor. Contents include flight test plots on thermodynamics, airplane stall performance, climb performance, static longitudinal stability, static and dynamic lateral-directional stability, and also control effectiveness.
- 156. Anon, Final Systems Analysis and Flight Simulation Report,
 Volume II, G. E. Report No. 157, Volume II, March 1965
 (AD 639 230)
 This report presents the results and details of the XV-5A simulation and analysis for the hover, transition, and conversion modes of operation.
- Przedpelski, Z. J., Results of Wind Tunnel Tests of a Full-Scale, Fuselage Mounted, Tip Turbine Driven Lift Fan. Volume III,
 G. E. Report No. TR 61 15 V3, March 1962 (AD 275 711)
 This report presents the results of wind tunnel tests of a full-scale

and the same of the same of the same

VTOL airplane model with a fan-in-fuselage power plant. The model had a shoulder-mounted unswept wing with an aspect ratio of 5.0 and taper ratio of 0.50. Contents include powered and unpowered performance in and out of ground effect, static longitudinal stability, and STOL performance. Reference No. 71 presents NASA data for same tests.

- 169. Anon, Results of Wind Tunnel Tests of a Full-Scale Fuselage

 Mounted, Tip Turbine Driven Lift Fan, Volume II, G. E. Report

 TR 61 15 V2, April 1961 (AD 263 450)

 This report presents the results of wind tunnel tests for the same
 test program as Reference no. 166. The contents include more
 conventional flight data than Reference 166, no ground effect, and
 emphasis on the J85-7 generator performance.
- 177. LaPlant. P. C., Flight Evaluation of the XV-5A V/STOL Aircraft, AFFTC-TR-66-30, March 1967 (AD 810 922)

 This report presents the results of a USAF flight evaluation of the XV-5A aircraft. The primary emphasis is placed on the handling qualities. Stability and control characteristics are presented for the hover (in and out of ground effect), level flight performance, transition regime, and STOL operation.
- 178. Anon, Wind Tunnel Test Report Conventional Model, Volume III.

 High Speed (Mach = 0.4 to 0.9), G. E. Report No. 141, Volume III,

 Jan. 1964 (AD 653 569)

 This report presents the results of the high speed (M = 0.4 to

 M = 0.9) wind tunnel tests of the 1/8-scale conventional model of
 the XV-5A. Six-component data plus wing and fuselage static
 pressure data are contained in the report. Control surface hinge
 moment coefficients are also presented.
- 179. Anon, Wind Tunnel Test Report Conventional Model. Volume I.

 Low Speed Force and Moment Data, G. E. Report No. 141, Volume I, Jan. 1964 (AD 653 566).

 This report presents the results of the low speed (M = 0.285) wind tunnel tests of the 1/8-scale conventional model of the XV-5A.

 Static longitudinal, lateral, and directional stability characteristics are presented along with the control effectiveness parameters.

- 180. Ason, Phase I Flight Test Results, Volume I, G. E. Report No. 166, Volume I, March 1966 (AD 639 231)

 This report presents the results of flight tests on the XV-5A conducted by the contractor. The major portion of the tests is centered on the fan-powered speed regime (hover to transition); performance, stability and control (in and out of ground effect), and tail downwash are included in the report's experimental plotted data.
- 182. Anon, <u>Preliminary Pilot Qualitative Evaluation of the XV-5A</u>

 <u>Research Aircraft</u>, AATA-AFB-Letter Report, Oct. 1965
 (AD 623 514)

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This report presents the results of the U. S. Army's Aviation preliminary pilot evaluation of the XV-5A. Contents include pilot's comments on the performance and handling qualities during hovering (in and out of ground effect), transition, and conversion speed regimes. Some experimental data are presented.

186. Anon, Results of Wind Tunnel of a Full-Scale Wing-Mounted Tip-Turbine-Driven Lift Fan, ATRECOM TR 63-21, Sept. 1963 (AD 425 785)

This report presents the results of wind tunnel tests of a full-scale fan-in-wing model. The tests are the same as the tests of Reference 39. However, the results are more concerned with the fan characteristics than the external aerodynamic characteristics reported in Reference 39. Tabulated plus plotted data are presented.

189. Aoyagi, K., Hickey, D. H., deSavigny, R. A., Aerodynamic

Characteristics of a Large-Scale Model with a High Disk-Loading

Lifting Fan Mounted in the Fuselage, NASA TN D-775, Oct. 1961

AD 265 252)

This report presents the results of wind tunnel tests of a large-scale fan-in-fuselage model. The longitudinal characteristics, static pressure survey and horizontal tail downwash are presented for the hovering and transition speed regimes, all out of ground effect. The model is the same as the one used in Reference 71; these tests were conducted prior to Reference 71.

- Maki, R. L., Hickey, D. H., Aerodynamics of a Fan-in-Puselage Model, NASA TN D-789, May 1961 (AD 256 074)

 This report presents a limited analysis of the longitudinal test results of Reference 189. The primary emphasis is centered on the large pitching-moment variation with increase in flight speed. Very little qualitative and/or quantitative data are presented.
- 200. Anon, Full-Scale Wind Tunnel Test Report, G. E. Report No. 153, June 1966 (AD 654 043)
 This report presents the results of full-scale XV-5A aircraft wind tunnel tests performed at NASA Ames. The contents include power on and power off plotted data for the static longitudinal characteristics, the static lateral and directional characteristics, control effectiveness, and static engine thrust stand parameters.
- 207. Ferrell, K. R., Finnestad, R. L., et al, Engineering Flight
 Research Evaluation of the XV-5A, Part I Stability and Centrol,
 Final Report, USAATA Report, 1966 (AD 800 937L)
 This report presents the results of the U. S. Army Aviation's
 engineering flight research evaluation of the XV-5A. The flying
 qualities and the stability and control characteristics of the XV-5A
 are evaluated in detail, qualitatively and quantitatively. Complete
 plotted data in terms of time history and control displacements are
 presented for the fan-mode and jet-mode speed regimes. Pilots'
 opinions are given for each aerodynamic stability and control
 criteria.
- 261. Hickey, D. H., Hall, L. P., Aerodynamic Characteristics of a

 Large-Scale Model with Two High Disk-Loading Fans Mounted in
 the Wing, NASA TN D-1650, Feb. 1963

 Model has a shoulder-mounted wing of A. R. = 3.5. Results
 cover the fan-powered flight speed range from 0 to 100 knots.

 Longitudinal forces and moments, pressure distributions, and
 lateral forces and moments when the fans were throttled to give
 control are presented. Installed fan performance over the pertinent speed range is presented for three inlets and with and without fan exhaust vectoring.

2. LIFT-JET CONCEPT

An examination of Table IV reveals that the major testing conducted on this V/STOL concept was centered on the XV-4A and XV-4B. It is emphasized at this point that the results of this literature survey are based on the reports available and known to exist at this time. The DDC and NASA literature search services were employed in this study. There are probably contractors' test reports, both in the United States and foreign countries, which are proprietary and therefore unavailable. Consequently, only the available, existing reports are discussed in this literature survey.

The normal six-component force and moment data have been measured for the nover (in and out of ground effect), transition, and conventional speed regimes. There has been no static pressure survey around the lift-jet or surrounding areas in order to identify the local flow field in a complete configuration model.

There is a limited amount of analysis on the dynamic stability derivatives, and a small amount of flight test data (all of these data are presented for the XV-4A, which employs an augmented jet ejector and not z lift jet).

Abstracts of Lift-Jet Concept Reports

- 5. Kuhn, R. E., McKinney, M. O., Reeder, J. P.; Aerodynamics and Flying Qualities of Jet V/STOL Airpianes, SAE Paper 864A, April 1964 (A64-20157)

 A summary of information on airplane aerodynamics, ground effects, propulsion system aerodynamics, stability and control, and flying qualities of jet V/STGL airplanes (both direct jet lift and lift-fan configurations) is presented.
- VTOL Configuration with Various Wing Planforms in the Transition Speed Range, NASA TN D-1400, 1962 (N62-15319)

 Wind tunnel results of a limited investigation with a simplified model at zero angle of attack to study the jet interference effects in transition from hovering to forward flight out of ground effect. A series of wings (5) were tested with a fuselage employing four convergent nozzles to provide some preliminary data on the effects of planform. Lift losses and nose-up pitching moments were encouncered at low forward speeds.

TABLE IV. SUMMARY OF LIFT-JET EXPERIMENTAL DATA

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"Ratio of total lift-jet area to total planform area.

- 41. Aron, Aerodynamics of Power Plant Installation, AGARDograph-103, 1965 (N66-22286)
 - A compilation of technical papers presented at the 1965 AGARD meeting on The Aerodynamics of Power Plant Installation, Part 2. Contents include discussions on air inlets and nozzles, airframe-proposition system interference, VTOL propulsion including jet lift intakes and exhausts, also lift-fan inlets and airframe VTOL propulsion interference effects.
- 59. Shungert, P. K., Tibbetts, J. G., Model Tests on Jet Induced

 <u>Lift Vicets on a VTOL Aircraft in Hover</u>, NASA CR-1297, March
 1969 (169-21477)
 - Jet-induced interference effects were investigated for a jet air-craft in hovering flight using a scale model with numerous nozzle configu. Itiens (18) and model components. Interference loads and jet decay data were obtained in and out of ground effect to determine the ffects of various parameters on interference loads and to assess a technique for correlating lift loss with jet decay characteristics.
- 78. Anon, Conference on V/STOL and STOL Aircraft, NASA SP-116,
 April 1966 (N66-24606)

 A compilation of papers presented at the 1966 NASA Conference on
 V/STOL Aircraft. Contents include discussions covering the
 results of NASA research on problems associated with V/STOL
 aircraft, such as, aerodynamics and propulsion of helicopters and
 propeller V/STOL. also lift-fan and lift-jet V/STOL aircraft.
- 80. Hickey, D. H. and Kirk, J. V., Full-Scale Wind Tunnel Investigation of a VTOL Aircraft with a Jet-Ejector System for Lift

 Augmentation, NASA TN D-3725, Nov. 1966 (67-32321)

 Wind tunnel results of a full-scale XV-4A airplane to determine its aerodynamic characteristics, including its ejector system, ejector performance, longitudinal characteristics, lateral-directional stability and control, and control power about all three axes were determined at various airspeeds and control settings through the transition flight regime.

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87. Gentry, G. L. and Margason, R. J., Aerodynamic Characteristics of a Five Jet VTOL Configuration in the Transition Speed Range, NASA TN D-4812, Oct. 1968 (68-36061)

A wind tunnel investigation of a powered small-scale model of a VTOL fighter configuration having three lift-jet engines in the forward fuselage and two deflected lift-cruise engines in the aft fuselage was conducted to determine the aerodynamic characteristics in the transition speed range and also ground effect during hover. The model was tested with three wing configurations and up to three horizontal tail heights.

- Model with Direct-Litt and Lift-Cruise Jets, NASA TM X-1758, March 1969 (N69-20016)

 Wind tunnel results of a 0.16-scale XV-4B model to determine its aerodynamic characteristics. Six cold air ejectors were used to simulate four direct-lift and two lift-cruise jet engines. Longitudinal and lateral-directional aerodynamic characteristics were investigated for various model configurations, forward speeds, and power conditions in the transition and cruise flight ranges. In addition to control-effectiveness studies, the effects of power variations for different lift-nozzle settings and the effects of height above the ground were investigated. The data are presented without analysis.
- 123. Williams, J., Wood, M., Aerodynamic Interference Effects with Jet-Lift V/STOL Aircraft under Static and Forward-Speed Conditions, RAE-TR-664-3, Dec. 1966 (AD 813 258)

 The nature and magnitude of aerodynamic interference effects which can arise with jet and fan-lift schemes for V/STOL aircraft are considered. Particular attention is paid to adverse flows which can be induced around the airframe by the jet or fan efflux during V/STOL operation near the ground and during transition to and from purely wing-borne flight. The discussion concentrates on the understanding and analysis of major aerodynamic features rather than on optimization of specific aircraft layouts.

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- 150. Anon, Full-Scale Tests of the XV-4A Hummingbird in the Ames
 40 x 80 Foot Wind Tunnel, G. E. Report No. ER-7634, Jan. 1965
 (AD 654 783)

 The results of the XV-4A Hummingbird tests in the Ames 40 x 80 foot wind tunnel (Reference 80) are presented and analyzed. The 41 runs made included pitch, yaw, and control effectiveness tests in hover, transition, and conventional flight,
- 181. Nicholson, R., Lowry, R. B., XV-4A VTOL Research Aircraft

 Program, USA-AVLABS TR-66-45, May 1966 (AD 635 106)

 This report contains a description of the XV-4A aircraft and highlights the aircraft design characteristics, aircraft systems, flight
 test program, VTOL improvement program, and wind tunnel tests.

- 208. Martin, W. C., Low-Speed Wind Tunnel Test Results of a 0.18-Scale Model of the XV-4A, Lockheed-Georgia Report ER 8677, 1966

 This report presents the results from a wind tunnel test of a proposed modification to the XV-4A airplane. The 0.18-scale model was tested in the LTV low-speed wind tunnel. Six-component force and moment data were recorded for the hover through transition flight regimes. Six nozzles in the bottom of the model fuselage were employed to simulate the exhaust of six jet engine. No analysis is presented.
- 209. Whipkey. R. R., XV-4B Wind Tunnel Tests of a 0.16-Scale Model in the NASA Langley 7 x 10 Foot Wind Tunnel, Lockheed-Georgia Report ER 9092, 1967

 This report presents the contractor's results from a wind tunnel test of a 0.16-scale XV-4B model. Six-component data are presented for the hover, transition, and conversion speed regimes. Horizontal stabilizer and elevator effectiveness, rudder and aileron effectiveness, with and without power, in and out of ground effect, are also presented. Very little analysis is presented.
- 257. Swain, W. N., Wind Tunnel Test of a 0.16-Scale XV-4B Model in the NASA Langley 17-Foot Low Speed Wind Tunnel and the 7 x 10 Foot High Speed Wind Tunnel, Lockheed-Georgia Report No. ER 9061, Sept. 1968
 This report presents the contractor's results from two wind tunnel

tests of a 0.16-scale XB-4B model at NASA Langley. The first phase was conducted in a low speed tunnel to determine the power effects on the aerodynamic characteristics in the conventional, STOL, and hover modes of flight. Six-component force and moment data were obtained in both pitch and sideslip. Ground effects were determined for several model attitudes. The second phase was conducted in the high speed tunnel to determine the aerodynamic characteristics in the conventional flight regime (unpowered). Six-component force and moment data were acquired in both pitch and sideslip.

3. VECTORED THRUST CONCEPT

An examination of Table V reveals that only a small amount of experimental testing has been conducted on the complete configurations of this V/STOL concept. Of the tests conducted, six-component force and moment data were obtained for the haver (in and out of ground effect), transition, and conventional speed regimes. Noticeably missing are static pressure surveys and tail downwash surveys.

Abstracts of Vectored Thrust Concept Reports

- 23. Wood, M. N., Jet V/STOL Aircraft Aerodynamics, New York Academy of Sciences, Annals, Vol. 154, Nov. 1968 (A69-15566)
 This paper presents a discussion of results of the V/STOL Aerodynamic Research Program carried out in the low-speed tunnel's division of the Royal Aircraft Establishment. Some experimental aerodynamic data are presented for the P-1127 model and some stability data are presented for the Short S. C. -1 model.
- 34. Spreeman, K. P., <u>Investigation of Interference of a Deflected</u>

 Jet with Free Stream and Ground on Aerodynamic Characteristics

 of a Semispan Delta-Wing VTOL Model, NASA TN D-9.5 (N62-71489)

This report presents the results from a NASA wind tunnel test of a semispan delta wing VTOL model with a deflected jet under the wing. Sets of vanes attached to the wing behind the jet deflected the jet stream to different turning angles. Static tests were run in and out of ground effect. Longitudinal aerodynamic characteristics were obtained for various angles of attack and deflection angles.

TABLE V. SUMMARY OF VECTORED THRUST EXPERIMENTAL DATA

ita	STABLES STATES STABLES STABL	NASA semi-pan Delta wing VTOL model with deflected jet under wing.	NASA semiapan Delta wing VTOL model with deflected jet under wing.	P-1127 (XV-6A) flight tests by USAF Flight Test Center.	Short SC-1 roll stability tests at low speeds.	Static tests of two NASA VTOL models.	Freeflight and force tests of combined vector thrust and lift jet.	NASA tests of variable-sweep Delts wing model.	X-14 NASA, AMES unpublished wind tunnel proliminary tests.
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Anon, Aerodynamics of Power Plant Installation, Agardograph-103, 1965 (N66-22286)
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the P-1127.

- 91. Winters, C. P., The Approximate Longitudinal Stability Derivatives of a Vectored Thrust VTOL, AFIT Report No. GAM/AE/68-11, March 1968 (AD 833 396)

 This report presents the results of an analytical study to determine the stability derivatives and the stability of the vectored thrust airplane, P-1127. The performance, derivatives and stability were determined for both an accelerating and non-accelerating transition from hover to conventional flight. The results of the accelerating transition were compared to values available from Hawker Siddeley.
- 117. McKinzie, G. A., Bradfield, E. N., Jr., Ludwig, J. H., Casey, W. R., P-1127 (XV-6A) V/STOL Handling Qualities Evaluation, AFFTC-TR-68-19, Aug. 1968 (AD 839 849)

 This report presents the results of a flight test program conducted by the USAFFTC to evaluate the V/STOL flying and handling qualities of the P-1127 (XV-6A) aircraft. The static longitudinal and lateral-directional stability characteristics along with the control effectiveness are presented for the hover (in and out of ground effect) and transition flight regimes. In addition, the dynamic longitudinal and lateral-directional stability characteristics are presented. Also, the rigid mount AFFTC VTOL thrust stand facility was utilized to evaluate the engine, nozzles, and flight control system in a simulated hover environment.
- 143. Trebble, W. J. G., Low-Speed Wind Tunnel Investigation of the Roll Startity of a 1/5-Scale Model of the Short SC-1 at Large Sideslip, ARC-CP-994, May 1967 (AD 837 313)

 This report presents the results of a low-speed wind tunnel test on a 1/5-scale model of the Short S. C.-1. The test was conducted primarily to determine the roll characteristics of the model at

large sideslip angles. Lateral and directional forces and moments are presented for various air speeds and sideslip angles.

197. Newsom, W. A., Jr., Effect of Ground Proximity on Aerodynamic Characteristics of Two Horizontal-Attitude Jet Vertical-Take-Off-and-Landing Airplane Models, NASA TN D-419, Sept. 1957 (AD 144 809)

This report presents the results of a static simulated power test of two jet VTOL models. One model was a tilt-wing and the other was a deflected jet in the fuselage. Tuft studies and some force data are presented. Cascade vanes were employed to obtain the thrust vectoring.

213. Smith, C. C., Parlett, L. P., Flight Tests of a 0.13-Scale Model
of a Vectored-Thrust Jet VTOL Transport Airplane, NASA TN
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This report presents the results of an experimental investigation to determine the dynamic and control characteristics of a 0.13-scale model of a vectored thrust jet VTOL transport airplane. The model has a straight wing mounted on top of the fuselage and is powered by two vectored-thrust turbofan engines mounted in nacelles under the wing (four rotating thrust nozzles per nacelle) and six turbojet lift engines mounted in wing tip pods with three engines in each pod. Free-flight tests were conducted in hover (in and out of ground effect) and transition with motion picture recordings. Static longitudinal and later-directional characteristics are presented from wind tunnel force tests.

235. Vogler, R., Kuhn, R. E., Longitudinal and Lateral Stability

Characteristics of Two Four-Jet VTOL Models in the Transition

Speed Range, NASA TM X-1092, May 1965

This report presents the results of a NASA investigation of the longitudinal and lateral stability characteristics of two four-jet vectored thrust type VTOL models in the transition speed range.

The basic model investigated had a low aspect ratio delta wing with variable-sweep auxiliary wings, twin inlets, and four adjustable exit nozzles. The modified model was obtained by removing the delta wing area rearward of the jet exits of the basic model and adding a

- conventional horizontal tail. Six component data were obtained for both models from hover to conventional flight speed range.
- 269. Anon, <u>Unpublished NASA Wind Tunnel Data on Proliminary Tests</u>
 of the X-14 at NASA, Ames, 1967
 These unpublished data present the results of preliminary tests of the XV-14A in the NASA 40 x 80 foot wind tunnel. Force and moment

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APPENDIX

SUMMARY OF V/STOL REFERENCES

KEY TO	v/stol summary tae	BLE (See Table VI)
COLUMN HEADING	ABBREVIATION	DEFINITION
V/STOL Concept	LF	Lifting Fan
	LJ	Lifting Jet
	VT	Vectored Thrust
	TD	Tilting Duct
	TW	Tilting Wing
	ТР	Tilting Propeller
Nature of Report Material	A	Analytical or Theoretical
	E	Experimental
Flight Regime or Airflow	н	Hover
	Т	Transition
	С	Cruise
	LOW	Low Speed Near Hover
Test Article (Component)	w	Wing
	В	Body
	Т	Tail
	J	Jet
	DP	Ducted Propeller
	FP	Flat Plate
	D-FAN	Ducted Fan
	I	Inlet
	W, B, T	Total Configuration
Types of Test	WT	Wind Tunnel Test
	FT	Flight Test or Free-Flight
	BT	Bench Test
	SIMUL	Simulator
	нт	Hydrodynamic Test

TABLE VI. SUMMARY TABLE OF V/STOL REFERENCES

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